



## 2017 Statistical Report Talbot County, MD

County accounted for 1.2% of human exposure calls to the Maryland Poison Center

### Types of Calls

<b>Total human exposures</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>Animal Exposures</b>	<b>11</b>
< 12 months	12	<b>Information Calls</b>	<b>81</b>
1 year	37		
2 years	38		
3 years	13		
4 years	6		
5 years	5		
6-12 years	22		
13-19 years	39		
20-59 years	161		
>60 years	56		
Unknown age	2		

### Reason for exposure

<b>Unintentional</b>	<b>223</b>
General	117
Environmental	3
Occupational	9
Therapeutic Error	45
Misuse	39
Bite or Sting	2
Food Poisoning	8
<b>Intentional</b>	<b>149</b>
Suspected Suicide	79
Misuse	26
Abuse	37
Unknown	7
<b>Other</b>	<b>19</b>
Adverse Reaction/Drug	12
Adverse Reaction/Other	2
Contamination/tampering	0
Malicious	0
Unknown/Other	5

### Management Site

On site/non Healthcare Facility	169
Healthcare Facility	208
Other	6
Refused Referral	8

### Medical Outcome

No Effect	67
Minor Effect	237
Moderate Effect	55
Major Effect	10
Death	1
Other/Unknown	21

**Maryland Poison Center  
2017 Statistical Report (cont'd)  
Talbot County, MD**

**Most common exposures, children under 6 years:**

1. Cosmetics and personal care products
2. Foreign bodies
3. Dietary supplements
4. Analgesics (pain relievers)
5. Household cleaning products

**Most common exposures, children 6-19 years:**

1. Analgesics (pain relievers)
2. Sedatives and antipsychotics
3. *(tie)* Antidepressants  
Antihistamines
5. Stimulants and street drugs

**Most common exposures, adults 20-59 years:**

1. Analgesics (pain relievers)
2. Sedatives and antipsychotics
3. Stimulants and street drugs
4. *(tie)* Alcohols  
Antidepressants

**Most common exposures, adults 60 years and older:**

1. Heart medicines
2. Sedatives and antipsychotics
3. Antidepressants
4. Analgesics (pain relievers)
5. Hormones (including antidiabetic and thyroid medicines)
6. *Multiple substances tied with four exposures each*